



To Shiprock, N.M.
40mi
64km

CORTEZ
6201ft
1890m

160
10mi
16km



0 1 2 3 Kilometers
0 1 2 3 Miles

- Cliff dwelling open to public
- Cliff dwelling closed to public
- Mesa top dwelling
- Ruins viewpoint
- Hiking trail
- Ranger station
- Food service
- Access for disabled
- Campground
- Picnic area
- Gasoline station
- Lookout tower

160

MANCOS VALLEY
Mancos River

WEBER MOUNTAIN

MANCOS CANYON

NORTH RIM

Spectacular panoramic view
Park Point
8571ft
2621m

North Rim Overlook

Wetherill Mesa Road

Wetherill Mesa accessible only during summer months.

Far View Terrace

Far View Visitor Center
8640ft
2632m

Mummy Lake, a large circular depression, may have been a prehistoric reservoir serving villages in the Far View area.

Mummy Lake

Far View Ruins
7630ft
2341m

This mesa-top area was densely populated from AD 900 to 1300.

UTE MOUNTAIN INDIAN RESERVATION

Sleep House cave contains ruins from two periods: the subterranean houses of the Modified Basketmaker people (c. AD 800) and the more elaborate houses from Classic Pueblo times (c. AD 1200).

Sleep House

Badger House Community

Nordenschild's Ruin #16

Long House

Kodak House

Long House's large central plaza was used for dances and village ceremonies.

Spruce Tree House, open all year, was discovered shortly after Cliff Palace. It was named for a large tree growing in front of the ruins.

Spruce Tree House

Museum

Petroglyph Point

Early Pithouse

Square Tower House

Late Pithouses and Early Pueblo Ruins

Pithouses were the earliest form of permanent dwelling on Mesa Verde.

Cedar Tree Tower and Kiva

Prehistoric farming terraces

Cedar Tree Tower may have been a lookout.

Ruins Road

Spruce Tree Terrace

Park Headquarters

Spruce Canyon Trail

Parashoph Point Trail

One Way

Oak Tree House

Sun Temple

Sunset House

SODA CANYON

PARK MESA

SCHOOL SECTION CANYON

MOCCASIN MESA

MOCCASIN CANYON

WATERS CANYON

WHITES MESA

WEAVER CANYON

SWIFT CANYON

MANCOS CANYON

MANCOS RIVER

LEWIS MESA

UTE MOUNTAIN INDIAN RESERVATION

House of Many Windows

Balcony House

House

Hemlock House

Sun Temple, shaped like a capital "D," was probably used in some ceremonial fashion. The structure was never completed.

Cliff Palace is the largest ruin in the park. Its chance discovery in December 1888 led to extensive explorations and wide public interest.

Soda Canyon Overlook
Only viewpoint for Balcony House

Balcony House, one of the last cliff dwellings occupied, has an easily defended entrance way.

Your safety is of concern to us and should be to you too. Please keep your children under control, especially in the ruins and near cliffs. Be aware of your physical limitations, and if you have any doubts about an activity, ask a ranger for advice. Information on access for the disabled is available upon request.

The Archeological Resources Protection Act of 1973 prohibits the detaching or removal of any object of antiquity within the park. The act provides for fines of up to \$100,000 and imprisonment for up to 20 years for violations. The ruins in the park are fragile. Please treat them gently so that they remain to give knowledge and pleasure to others.